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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/773,585	02/06/2004	Dennis B. Jenkins	430.190	6736
7590	09/14/2007			EXAMINER MERCIER, MELISSA S
JOEL J. HAYASHIDA CORPORATE PATENT COUNSEL THE CLOROX COMPANY P.O. BOX 24305 OAKLAND, CA 94623-1305			ART UNIT 1615	PAPER NUMBER
			MAIL DATE 09/14/2007	DELIVERY MODE PAPER

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

Office Action Summary	Application No.	Applicant(s)	
	10/773,585	JENKINS ET AL.	
	Examiner	Art Unit	
	Melissa S. Mercier	1615	

-- The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address --
Period for Reply

A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) OR THIRTY (30) DAYS, WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.

- Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).

Status

- 1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 13 July 2007.
 2a) This action is FINAL. 2b) This action is non-final.
 3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under *Ex parte Quayle*, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.

Disposition of Claims

- 4) Claim(s) 101,115-119 and 121-127 is/are pending in the application.
 4a) Of the above claim(s) _____ is/are withdrawn from consideration.
 5) Claim(s) _____ is/are allowed.
 6) Claim(s) 101,115-119 and 121-127 is/are rejected.
 7) Claim(s) _____ is/are objected to.
 8) Claim(s) _____ are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.

Application Papers

- 9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner.
 10) The drawing(s) filed on _____ is/are: a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner.
 Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).
 Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).
 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.

Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119

- 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).
 a) All b) Some * c) None of:
 1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.
 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. _____.
 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).

* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.

Attachment(s)

- | | |
|--|---|
| 1) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) | 4) <input type="checkbox"/> Interview Summary (PTO-413)
Paper No(s)/Mail Date. _____ |
| 2) <input type="checkbox"/> Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) | 5) <input type="checkbox"/> Notice of Informal Patent Application |
| 3) <input type="checkbox"/> Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08)
Paper No(s)/Mail Date _____ | 6) <input type="checkbox"/> Other: _____ |

DETAILED ACTION

Summary

Receipt of Applicant's Remarks and Amended Claims filed on July 13, 2007 is acknowledged. Claims 101, 115-119, and 121-127 are pending in this application.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter, which the applicant regards as his invention.

Claims 115-117 rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention.

Claim 115 recites the limitation "composition recited in claim 114" in line 1. There is insufficient antecedent basis for this limitation in the claim. Applicant has cancelled claim 114. Therefore, claims 115-117 have not been further examined on their merits.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The text of those sections of Title 35, U.S. Code not included in this action can be found in a prior Office action.

Claims 101, 118, 121, 123, and 126-127 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Mise et al. (US Patent 4,837,020) in view of House (US Patent 5,188,064).

Mise discloses a deodorant composition comprising (a) D-glucosaccharoascorbic acid and (b) a ferrous compound and/or a cupric compound is disclosed. The composition displays excellent deodorant effects by removing the offensive and foreign odors rapidly, irrespective of whether they are originating from basic substances such as ammonia or those from acid substances such as hydrogen sulfide (abstract). Animal pens are disclosed as sources of the odor, therefore, it is the examiners position that one of ordinary skill in the art would look to animal litters. It is disclosed that the components (a) and (b) can be present in a solid composition, mixed in powdery state, evenly to the desired composition. The resulting composition may be used as support on a porous material such as activated carbon and activated alumina. Deposition on such a porous material can be accomplished by preparing a solution of the deodorant composition, impregnating the porous material with a solution and drying the same (column 2, lines 39-59). The composition can also be applied to paper, a cellulosic material (column 2, lines 60-62).

Regarding the activated alumina particles being colored, it is the examiners positon that activated alumina is colored in its natural state. The claim limitation does not indicate a coloring agent being applied to the alumina to alter the natural coloring.

Mise does not disclose the use of clay.

House discloses a clumping cat litter comprising smectite clay admixed with a cellulosic material (column 2, lines 52-62). Preferred clays include bentonite clays provided that a sufficient number of their exchangeable cations are sodium cations to effect osmotic swelling (column 4, lines 20-28).

Applicant is reminded that where the general conditions of the claims are met, burden is shifted to applicant to provide a patentable distinction. Where the general conditions of a claim are disclosed in the prior art, it is not inventive to discover the optimum or workable ranges by routine experimentation. See *In re Aller*, 220 F.2d 454 105 USPQ 233,235 (CCPA 1955).

Furthermore the claims differ from the reference by reciting various concentrations of the active ingredient(s). However, the preparation of various sanitizing compositions having various amounts of the active is within the level of skill of one having ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention. It has also been held that the mere selection of proportions and ranges is not patentable absent a showing of criticality. See *In re Russell*, 439 F.2d 1228 169 USPQ 426(CCPA 1971).

It would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to have used the incorporated the clays of House into the composition taught by Mise in order to eliminate or reduce the odors associated with animal urine and to provide a clumping sorbent having superior sorption capacity and sufficient cohesiveness when wetted with an aqueous liquid, such as urine, to be easily separated from the nonwetted sorbent particles. Additionally, since activated alumina, activate carbon and additional odor absorbing particles, in this case, the use of a clay,

are all known in the art to be used in animal litter products, it would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art to combine the components into a single composition to be used for the same purpose.

Claim 119 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Mise et al. (US Patent 4,837,020) in view of House (US Patent 5,188,064) and further in view of Heitfeld et al. (US Patent 4,957,063).

The combined teachings of Mise and House is discussed above and applied in the same manner.

Mise and House do not disclose the use of an antimicrobial agent.

Heitfeld teaches an odor control animal littler comprising an antimicrobial agent (column 2, lines 24-50).

It would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to have incorporated the antimicrobial agents taught by Heitfeld into the animal litter compositions taught by Mise and House in order to use a known technique for the same purpose and in a similar product. It is the examiners position that since it is known in the art to use antimicrobial agents in animal litter compositions, it would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art to have incorporates such a component into another litter composition with the expectation of the providing antibacterial properties.

Conclusion

No claims are allowable. Applicant's amendment necessitated the new ground(s) of rejection presented in this Office action. Accordingly, **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL**. See MPEP § 706.07(a). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the date of this final action.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Melissa S. Mercier whose telephone number is (571) 272-9039. The examiner can normally be reached on 7:30am-4pm Mon through Friday.

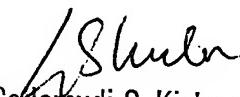
If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Michael Woodward can be reached on (571) 272-8373. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Art Unit: 1615

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see <http://pair-direct.uspto.gov>. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.



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